

1999 OHIO RIVER MOLLUSK KILL ASSESSMENT: THE GASTROPOD STORY

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Refuge (Retired)*

10/2008

RM 176

June 7, 1999
Fish Kill Reported
Ohio River mile 176 - 184



State of WV conducted fish kill assessment
80 stations sampled per AFS guidelines
~ 4000 dead fish processed
98% were freshwater drum ???
Dead fish collected and frozen

RM 184

Image USDA Farm Service Agency
Parkersburg, WV

Google earth

4/2008

Buckley Island
(refuge)

Muskingum Island
(refuge)

**June 8 – 9, 1999 : checked some bed
Native mussels fine, siphoning and responsive
Zebra mussels abundant, responsive to touch**

Site 11

Neal Island
(refuge)



Image L



September 2, 1999



- River experienced low flow conditions
- Occasional reports of dead fish continued into June and July, in the same general area
- Regular mussel surveys and investigations continued



October 1999

Fish kills continue.

Underwater videography,
tracked dead zebras to the
outfall of a chemical plating
facility on the Ohio shoreline.



Regular mussel monitoring done
at Muskingum Island refuge
site in 1999 still showed native
mussels and snails alive and
zebras very abundant.



4/2008

N

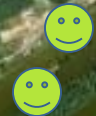


Image USDA Farm Service Agency

Google earth

Litigation filed in federal court under the Clean Water Act and CERCLA, U.S.A, States of WV and OH vs. Eramet Marietta and Elkem Metals.



Natural resource injuries claimed, under CERCLA, included:

- > 8600 fish (mostly freshwater drum)
- > 990,000 native freshwater mussels, 26 species, in five discrete beds (over 13 miles reach – incalculable losses in between)
- > 12,000,000 snails
- injuries to surface water and sediments
- other benthic invertebrates not listed above.

- Hazardous substances were primarily hexavalent chromium, with manganese and zinc, and the treatment chemical itself was harmful to aquatic life (**sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate**).



- Interferes with calcium metabolism of the mollusks (expressed in deformed zebra mussel shells)



- Ecological Specialist assessed Site 11 kill in 2000



- Surveyed 10m segments along transects
- 0.25m² quad at each 10m



- >990,000 native freshwater mussels,
- 26 species, in five discrete beds (over 13 miles reach – incalculable losses in between)



- Confirmed live mussels and zebra mussels upstream at Muskingum Island.



Site 11 est. 71.6/m² freshly dead snails

Total Kill > 12,000,000 snails

- How did we find the snail kill: by luck
 - Fish Kill lead to finding mussel kill
 - Quantitative assessment determined dead snails

- What is fresh dead?
 - Compare ratio of live to dead at Upstream Control
 - Dead shell is mobile - early detection important



Site 11, 2002 Pre-Restoration

2 Unionid Species

0.40/m²

Gastropods

0.0/m²

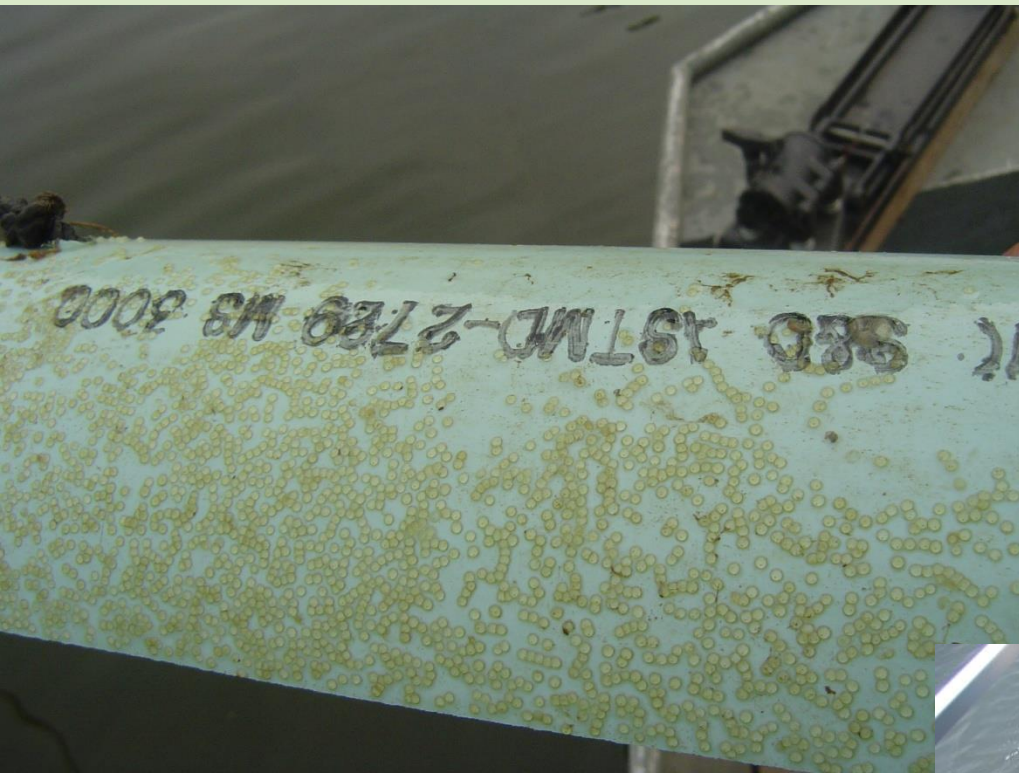


• 2006



• 2006





May







Site 11, 2007 Pre-Restoration

7 Unionid Species

0.72/m²

2 Gastropod Species

30/m²



Pleurocera canaliculata
Birgella subglobosus



30-410

10

20

INCH

0.05

60



Site 11, 2007

2 species

30 snails/m²

Site 11, 2012

4 species

3.36 snails/m²



Pleurocera canaliculata

Lithasia verrucosa

Lithasia armigera

Birgella subglobosus



- 2012, 18 unionid species



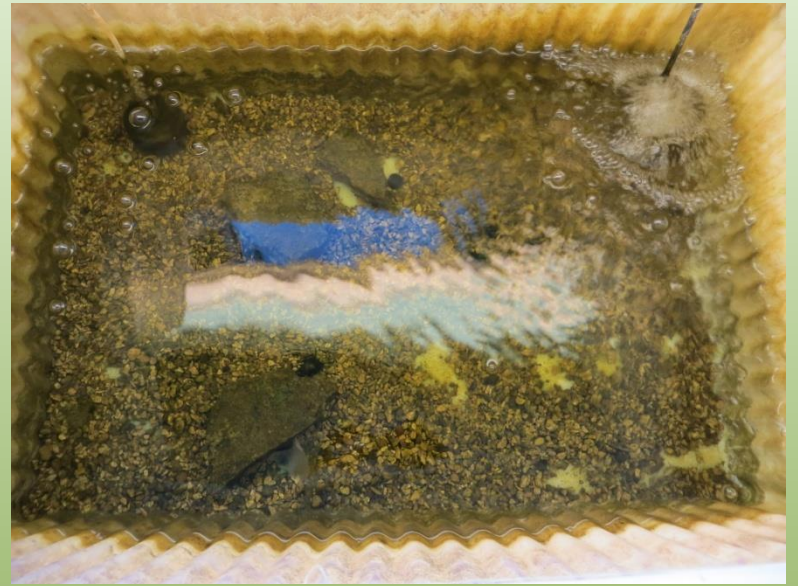
- 2013 Neal Island



- 2014

Snail culture system at CZ/OSU

Lithasia



2008, 09, 13, 14

Lithasia armigera

- 2015: 765
- 2016: 181



Species 2017	Buckley	Muskingum	Site 11
<i>Birgella subglobosus</i>	(1)	(9)	9 (387)
<i>Campeloma decisum</i>		(2)	(12)
<i>Lithasia verrucosa</i>		32 (3)	6 (29)
<i>Pleurocera canaliculata</i>	445 (468)	135 (636)	49 (764)
Number Live (Dead) Species	1 (1)	2 (2)	3 (1)
Number Live Individuals	445	167	64
Density (snails/m²)	14.83	3.29	1.91



